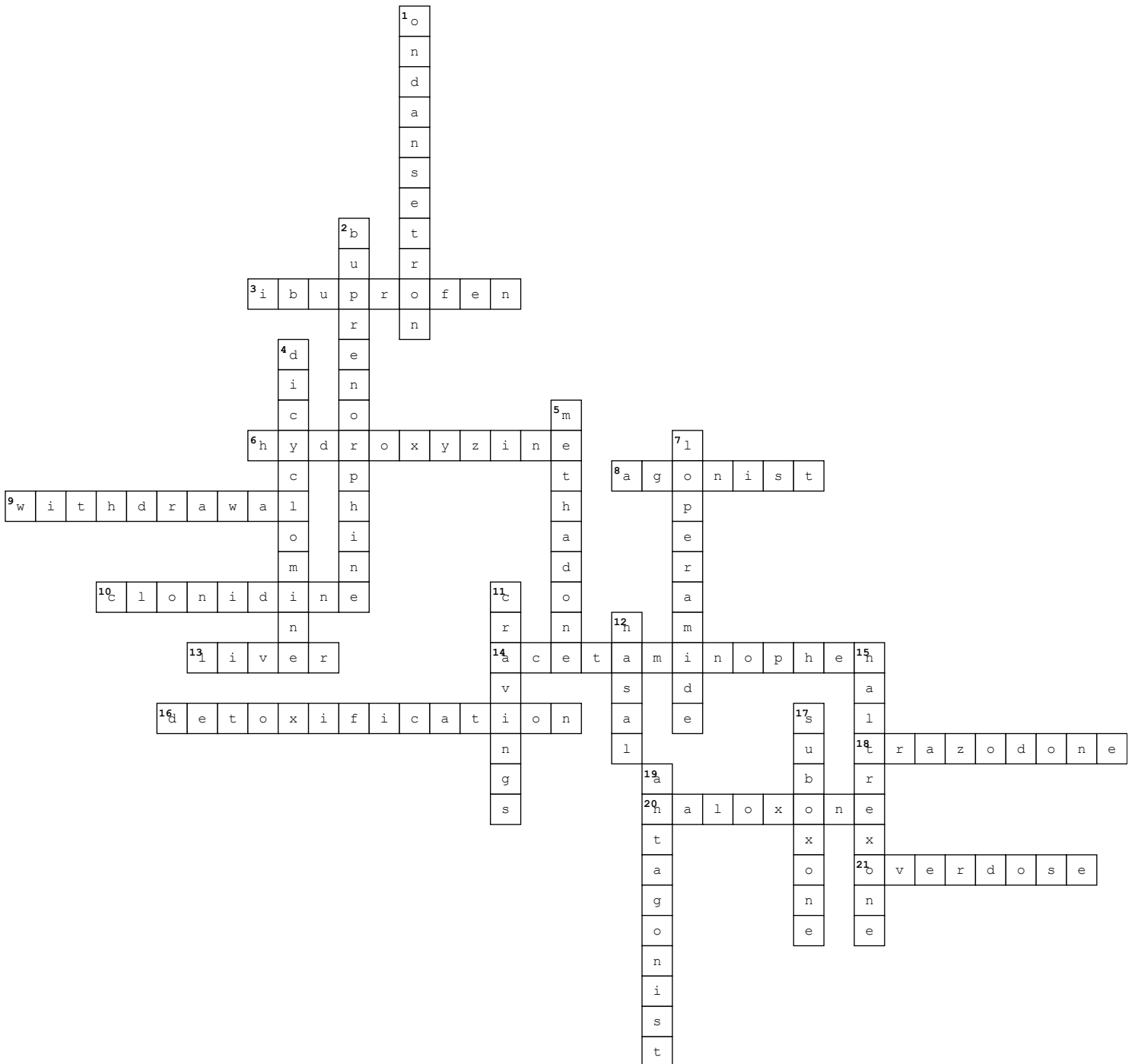


# Opioid Use Disorder



## Across

3. NSAID used to relieve muscle aches and joint pain during opioid withdrawal
6. Antihistamine used to reduce anxiety and improve sleep during opioid withdrawal
8. Type of medication that activates opioid receptors, such as methadone

## Down

1. Antiemetic commonly used to treat nausea and vomiting during opioid withdrawal
2. Partial opioid agonist commonly used to reduce cravings and withdrawal symptoms in opioid use disorder

9. Unpleasant symptoms that medications for opioid use disorder are designed to reduce
10. Reduces autonomic withdrawal symptoms such as sweating, anxiety, and elevated blood pressure during opioid withdrawal
13. Monitor this organ when using naltrexone
14. Analgesic used to reduce mild pain and fever associated with opioid withdrawal
16. Process of safely stopping opioid use before starting antagonist therapy with naltrexone
18. Antidepressant commonly used off-label to treat insomnia during opioid withdrawal
20. Emergency medication that rapidly reverses opioid overdose by displacing opioids from receptors
21. Life-threatening emergency that naloxone is designed to reverse
4. Antispasmodic used to reduce abdominal cramping associated with opioid withdrawal
5. Full opioid agonist dispensed through certified treatment programs for opioid use disorder
7. Over-the-counter medication used to treat diarrhea during opioid withdrawal
11. Intense urges to use opioids that medications like buprenorphine and methadone help decrease
12. Common way to administer naloxone in the community
15. Opioid antagonist that blocks opioid effects and helps prevent relapse after detoxification
17. Brand-name medication containing buprenorphine and naloxone
19. Type of medication that blocks opioid receptors rather than activating them